The Weekly Rigor

No. 41

"A mathematician is a machine for turning coffee into theorems."

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101 Problems in Calculating Trigonometric Limits with Solutions (Part 12)

55.
$$\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{\theta \sin(\theta)} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{\theta \sin(\theta)} \cdot \frac{1 + \cos(2\theta)}{1 + \cos(2\theta)} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos^2(2\theta)}{\theta \sin(\theta)(1 + \cos(2\theta))} =$$
$$= \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin^2(2\theta)}{\theta \sin(\theta)(1 + \cos(2\theta))} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{\theta} \cdot \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{1} \cdot \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{1} \cdot \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin(\theta)(1 + \cos(2\theta))} =$$
$$= \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{2\theta} \cdot \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{2\theta} \cdot \frac{2\theta}{2\theta} \cdot \frac{2\theta}{2\theta} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin(\theta)(1 + \cos(2\theta))} =$$
$$= \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{2\theta} \cdot \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{2\theta} \cdot \frac{\theta}{\sin(\theta)} \cdot \frac{4}{1 + \cos(2\theta)} =$$
$$= \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{2\theta} \cdot \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{2\theta} \cdot \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\theta}{\sin(\theta)} \cdot \frac{1}{\theta \to 0} \frac{4}{1 + \cos(2\theta)} =$$
$$= \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{2\theta} \cdot \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{2\theta} \cdot \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\theta}{\sin(\theta)} \cdot \frac{1}{\theta \to 0} \frac{1}$$

Alternate solution:

$$\begin{split} \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{\theta \sin(\theta)} &= \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos(2\theta)}{\theta \sin(\theta)} \cdot \frac{1 + \cos(2\theta)}{1 + \cos(2\theta)} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos^2(2\theta)}{\theta \sin(\theta)(1 + \cos(2\theta))} = \\ &= \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin^2(2\theta)}{\theta \sin(\theta)(1 + \cos(2\theta))} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{\theta} \cdot \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{1} \cdot \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin(\theta)(1 + \cos(2\theta))} = \\ &= \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{2\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)}{\theta} \cdot \frac{2\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)}{1} \cdot \frac{2\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{(1 + \cos(2\theta))} = 4\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(\theta)}{\theta} \cdot \frac{\cos^2(\theta)}{1 + \cos(2\theta)} = \\ &= 4\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(\theta)}{\theta} \cdot \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\cos^2(\theta)}{1 + \cos(2\theta)} = 4\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(\theta)}{\theta} \cdot \frac{\lim_{\theta \to 0} \cos^2(\theta)}{1 + \cos(2\theta)} = \\ &= 4\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(\theta)}{\theta} \cdot \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\cos^2(\theta)}{1 + \cos(2\theta)} = 4\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(\theta)}{\theta} \cdot \frac{\lim_{\theta \to 0} \cos^2(\theta)}{1 + \cos(2\theta)} = \\ &= \frac{4(1)}{1 + 1} = \frac{4}{2} = 2. \end{split}$$

56.
$$\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos(\theta)}{\theta \sin(\theta)} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos(\theta)}{\theta \sin(\theta)} \cdot \frac{1 + \cos(\theta)}{1 + \cos(\theta)} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos^{2}(\theta)}{\theta \sin(\theta) (1 + \cos(\theta))} =$$
$$= \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin^{2}(\theta)}{\theta \sin(\theta) (1 + \cos(\theta))} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(\theta)}{\theta (1 + \cos(\theta))} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(\theta)}{\theta} \cdot \frac{1}{1 + \cos(\theta)} =$$
$$= \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(\theta)}{\theta} \cdot \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{1}{1 + \cos(\theta)} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(\theta)}{\theta} \cdot \frac{\lim_{\theta \to 0} 1}{\lim_{\theta \to 0} 1 + \cos(\theta)} = 1 \cdot \frac{1}{1 + \cos(\theta)} = \frac{1}{1 + 1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

57.
$$\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\cos(\theta)}{\theta \csc(\theta)} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\cos(\theta)}{1} \cdot \frac{\sin(\theta)}{\theta} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \cos(\theta) \cdot \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(\theta)}{\theta} = \cos(0) \cdot 1 = 1 \cdot 1 = 1.$$

58.
$$\lim_{\theta \to 0} \sin(2\theta) \cot(\theta) = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \sin(2\theta) \cdot \frac{\cos(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} 2\sin(\theta) \cos(\theta) \cdot \frac{\cos(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} =$$
$$= \lim_{\theta \to 0} 2\cos(\theta) \cos(\theta) = 2\cos(0)\cos(0) = 2 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 2.$$

Alternate solution:

$$\lim_{\theta \to 0} \sin(2\theta) \cot(\theta) = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \sin(2\theta) \cdot \frac{\cos(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{1} \cdot \frac{\cos(\theta)}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin(\theta)} =$$
$$= \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{1} \cdot \frac{2\theta}{2\theta} \cdot \frac{\cos(\theta)}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin(\theta)} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{2}{1} \cdot \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{2\theta} \cdot \frac{\cos(\theta)}{1} \cdot \frac{\theta}{\sin(\theta)} =$$
$$= \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{2}{1} \cdot \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{2\theta} \cdot \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\cos(\theta)}{1} \cdot \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\theta}{\sin(\theta)} \stackrel{\text{#1}}{=} 2 \cdot 1 \cdot \cos(0) \cdot 1 = 2 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 2.$$

59.
$$\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)} \cdot \frac{1 + \cos(\theta)}{1 + \cos(\theta)} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos^2(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)(1 + \cos(\theta))} =$$
$$= \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin^2(\theta)}{\sin(\theta)(1 + \cos(\theta))} = \lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\sin(\theta)}{1 + \cos(\theta)} = \frac{\lim_{\theta \to 0} \sin(\theta)}{\lim_{\theta \to 0} (1 + \cos(\theta))} = \frac{\lim_{\theta \to 0} \sin(\theta)}{\lim_{\theta \to 0} (1 + \cos(\theta))} =$$
$$= \frac{0}{1 + \cos(0)} = \frac{0}{1 + 1} = \frac{0}{2} = 0.$$

"Only he who never plays, never loses."