The Weekly Rigor

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"A mathematician is a machine for turning coffee into theorems."

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16 Problems Concerning the Unit Circle (Part 1 of 2) (Part 1)

PROBLEMS

Evaluate the trigonometric function of the given quadrant angle. Show how you found your answer, including a picture of the four special points on the unit circle associated with the quadrant angles $0, \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi$, and $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ in the *x*-*y* plane. For the trigonometric functions secant, cosecant, tangent, and cotangent, make explicit their connection to sine and cosine.

1. cos(0)	2. sin(0)
3. $\cos(\pi)$	4. $sin(\pi)$
5. $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$	6. $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$
7. $\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$	8. $\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$
9. sec(0)	10. $sec(\pi)$
11. $\csc\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$	12. $\csc\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$
13. tan(0)	14. $tan(\pi)$
15. $\cot\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$	16. $\cot\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$

ANSWERS

1. 1	2. 0
31	4. 0
5. 0	6. 1
7.0	81
9. 1	101
11. 1	121
13. 0	14. 0
15. 0	16. 0

SELECTED SOLUTIONS

1. $\cos(0)$



For any angle θ in standard position and its corresponding point (x, y) on the unit circle, $(\cos(\theta), \sin(\theta)) = (x, y)$. Hence, for $\theta = 0$, $\cos(0) = 1$.

2. sin(0)



For any angle θ in standard position and its corresponding point (x, y) on the unit circle, $(\cos(\theta), \sin(\theta)) = (x, y)$. Hence, for $\theta = 0$, $\sin(0) = 0$.

"Only he who never plays, never loses."

Written and published every Saturday by Richard Shedenhelm

WeeklyRigor@gmail.com