

The Weekly Rigor

No. 350

“A mathematician is a machine for turning coffee into theorems.”

March 6, 2021

20 Problems in Solving Fractional Equations

(Part 3)

$$17. \ 3 + \frac{6}{t-3} = \frac{6}{t^2-3t}.$$

$$18. \ 2 + \frac{4}{t-1} = \frac{4}{t^2-t}.$$

$$19. \ \frac{a}{a-5} + \frac{2}{a-6} = \frac{2}{a^2-11a+30}.$$

$$20. \ \frac{a}{a+2} + \frac{3}{a+4} = \frac{14}{a^2+6a+8}.$$

ANSWERS

1. 1	2. -4	3. $\frac{3}{4}$	4. $\frac{7}{10}$	5. $\frac{1}{6}, 6$
6. $-\frac{1}{3}, 9$	7. 11	8. $-\frac{4}{27}$	9. 4	10. 2
11. 2, -3	12. 1, -4	13. 4, 7	14. $-\frac{1}{3}$	15. -21
16. -8	17. -1, 2	18. -2	19. -2	20. -8, 1

SELECTED SOLUTIONS

$$\begin{aligned}
 1. \quad & \frac{x+2}{5} + \frac{x-1}{6} = \frac{3}{5} \quad \Rightarrow \quad 30 \left[\frac{x+2}{5} + \frac{x-1}{6} \right] = \left(\frac{3}{5} \right) 30 \quad \Rightarrow \\
 & \Rightarrow \quad 6(x+2) + 5(x-1) = 3 \cdot 6 \quad \Rightarrow \quad 6x + 12 + 5x - 5 = 18 \quad \Rightarrow \quad 11x = 11 \quad \Rightarrow \\
 & \Rightarrow \quad x = 1.
 \end{aligned}$$

Check: $\frac{(1)+2}{5} + \frac{(1)-1}{6} = ? \frac{3}{5} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \frac{3}{5} + 0 = \frac{3}{5}. \quad \checkmark$

$$\begin{aligned}
 19. \quad & \frac{a}{a-5} + \frac{2}{a-6} = \frac{2}{a^2-11a+30} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \frac{a}{a-5} + \frac{2}{a-6} = \frac{2}{(a-5)(a-6)} \quad \Rightarrow \\
 & \Rightarrow \quad (a-5)(a-6) \left[\frac{a}{a-5} + \frac{2}{a-6} \right] = \left[\frac{2}{(a-5)(a-6)} \right] (a-5)(a-6) \quad \Rightarrow \\
 & \Rightarrow \quad a(a-6) + 2(a-5) = 2 \quad \Rightarrow \quad a^2 - 6a + 2a - 10 = 2 \quad \Rightarrow \\
 & \Rightarrow \quad a^2 - 4a - 12 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad a^2 - 6a + 2a - 12 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \\
 & \Rightarrow \quad a(a-6) + 2(a-6) = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad (a-6)(a+2) = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad a = 6, a = -2.
 \end{aligned}$$

Check: $\frac{(-2)}{(-2)-5} + \frac{2}{(-2)-6} = ? \frac{2}{(-2)^2-11(-2)+30} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \frac{(-2)}{-7} + \frac{2}{-8} = ? \frac{2}{4+22+30} \quad \Rightarrow$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{16}{56} + \frac{-14}{56} = ? \frac{2}{56} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \frac{2}{56} = \frac{2}{56}. \quad \checkmark$$

“Only he who never plays, never loses.”